<b>Applied Scaling &amp;</b> <b>Classification Techniques</b> <b>in Political Science</b>	
Lab 3 Twitter geolocations	

#### References



✓ Kruspe, Anna et al. (2021). Changes in Twitter geolocations: Insights and suggestions for future usage. arXiv:2108.12251v1

Terminology

"geolocated": tweets containing explicit metadata about a geographic location they were posted from or are referring to

- "geotagging": user action that causes this metadata to be attached
- Since mid-2019 Twitter's policy radically changed with respect to geolocation availability

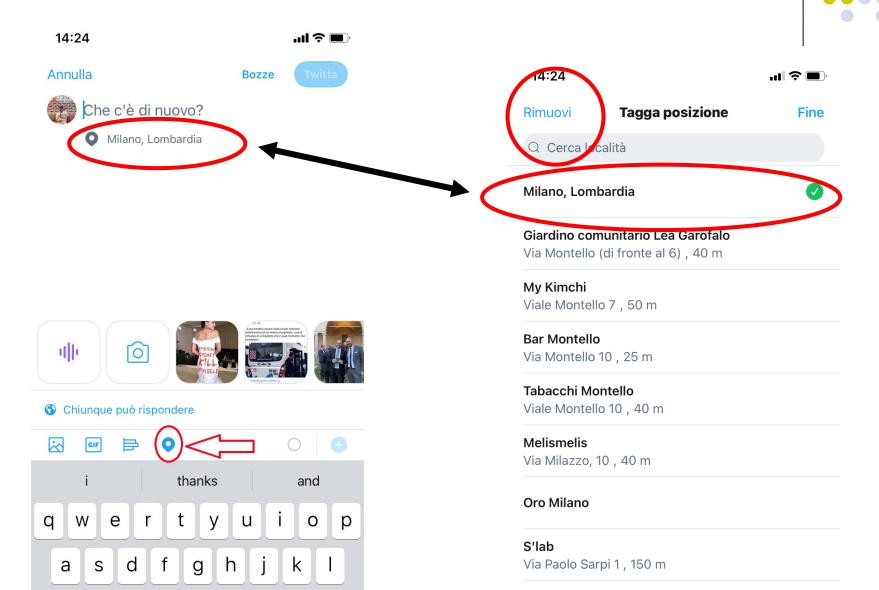
**Motivations? Privacy** 





Which geo-data are then available?

- *place* attributes: the place attribute serves to assign a pre-defined geographic entity to a post
- Twitter offers **users** the option to select this entity from a list of those found nearby (within a radius of roughly 200m) when sending a tweet
- These entities may be countries, cities, neighborhoods, points of interest (POI), etc.





place's sub-fields are then automatically filled using information from geolocation services

Among those subfields you have *bbox\_coords* that contains a set of coordinates spanning a polygon



coords\_coords and geo\_coords attributes: originally (pre-2019) they were containing the longitude-latitude values of the tweet (provided the users allowed the geotagging option on her smartphone)

Nowadays refer basically to two possibilities: a) a user is employing a very old version of Twitter software on her smartphone; b) the tweet is a cross-post from third-party sources (typically a post on Instagram), and the coordinates reported on Twitter are those picked on Instagram



However note one important point in the latter case: in this case the coordinates are not anymore representative of the user's geolocation from which the post was sent, but of some pre-defined location selected by the user, which may be very different from their physical location

In the case of native Twitter posts, these locations (via bbox\_coords) will at least be somewhere close to the GPS location of the device (around 200m radius), whereas in Instagram, they may be anywhere in the world (as selected by the Instagram user)

*location* attributes: it refers to what you have decided to write when you created your account, which once again can be very different from their physical location





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In general, the percentage of geolocated tweets out of all tweets is low at 1-2%

How to increase it? We can take advantage of the text either included in the tweets or in users' profiles (30/40% of profiles contain some form of geolocations) via for example a Named Entity Recognition approach (or by paying the Enterprise API...)